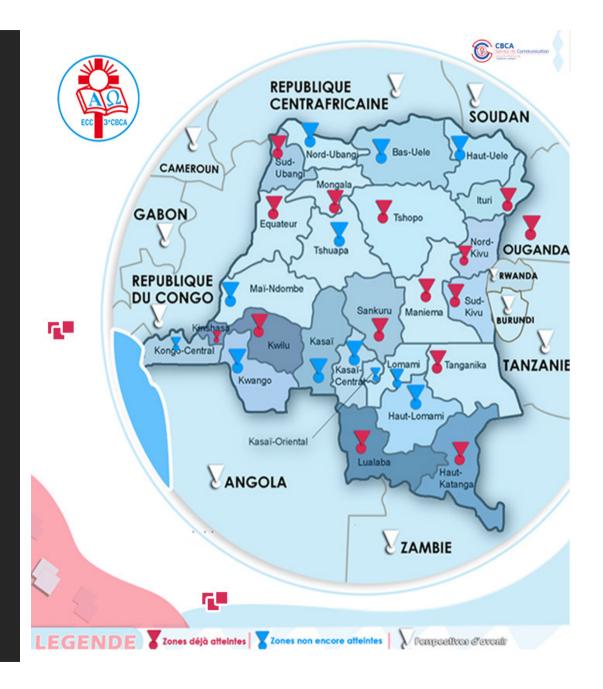
Workshop on Disaster Management

Experience of the CBCA in the East of the DR-Congo

Douala, October 2023

Presentation of the East of Congo: the most affected region

CBCA in the DRC: 13 /26 provinces.





the part of the East of Congo where CBCA works the most in humanitarian sector

Images the East of Congo refer to

1. Wars and civil conflicts: see camp of M23 war IDPs in Bulengo



war and conflicts

- 1) 1993: interethnical conflicts in Masisi
- 2) 1994: Rwandese genocide
- 3) 1996: war of the AFDL (alliance of democratic forces for the liberation of Congo)
- 4) 1998: Congolese rally for democracy (armed movement);
- 5) 2004: the war Jules Mutebusi);
- 7) November 2012; 2014 and 2021 until now: M23 crisis.
- 8) may 2021: volcanoe eruptotion in Nviragongo territory.

2. volcanoe eruption mostly
Nyiragongo: 2002 and 2021 and
Nyamulagira (each year)



3. Landslide as effect of Climate: Case of Kibiriga (2008) and Bushushu (the most divastating disaster never seen in the region (May 4th, 2023).



water flood from high hills in the rivers Nyamukubi, Chishova and Lukungula

- •672 people died and more than 5000 missing (disappeared in water, mud, sand and stones);
- 3211 homeless families;
- community infrastructures (schools, churches, bridges, ...destroyed,
- animals, crops and other individuals' assets lost in the violent water.
- *Eextreme poverty: displacement of people, trauma, surval sex, ...

section2: Effects of disasters on human beings and their assets



DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

Ituri, North Kivu, South Kivu:

Overview of the humanitarian situation

31 August 2023

INFORMATION FROM OCHA



PRESENTED BY SAFARI KANYENA

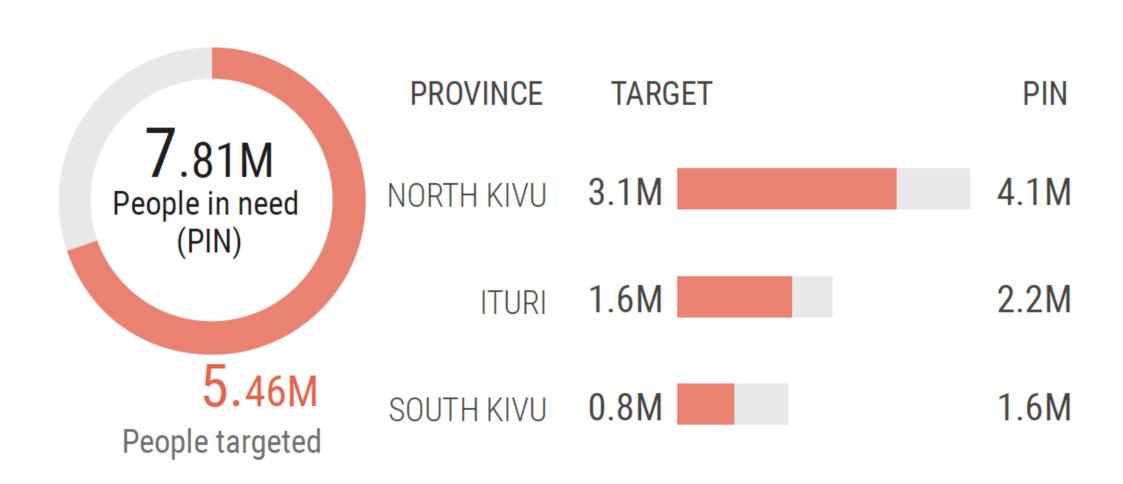


Content

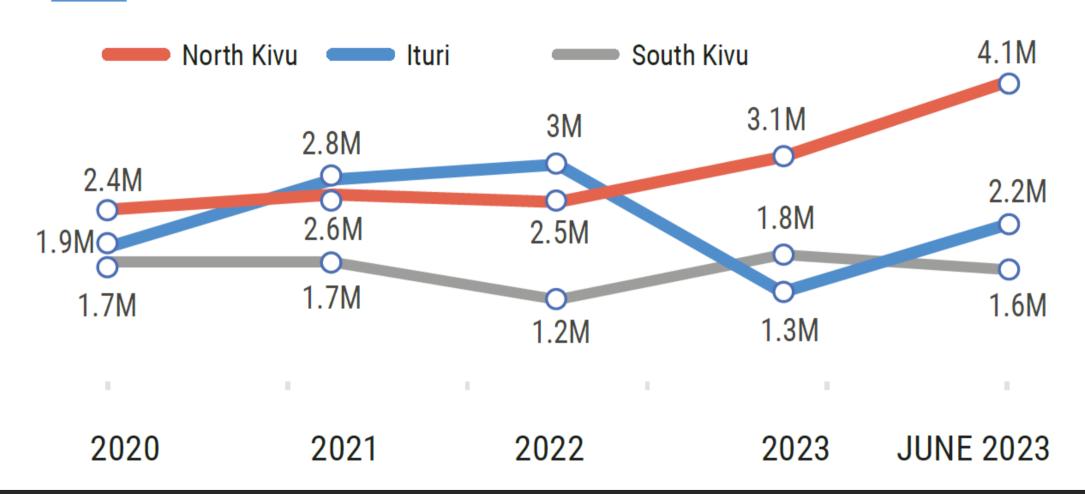
Overview of the humanitarian situation

- 1. FUNDING REQUIREMENT
- 2. ACUTE MALNUTRITION
- 3. PROTECTION INCIDENTS
- 4. FOOD INSECURITY
- 5. POPULATION MOUVEMENTS
- 6. EPIDEMICS

PEOPLE IN NEED AND TARGET (update june 2023)



EVOLUTION OF THE # OF THE PEOPLE IN NEED (2020 -2023)

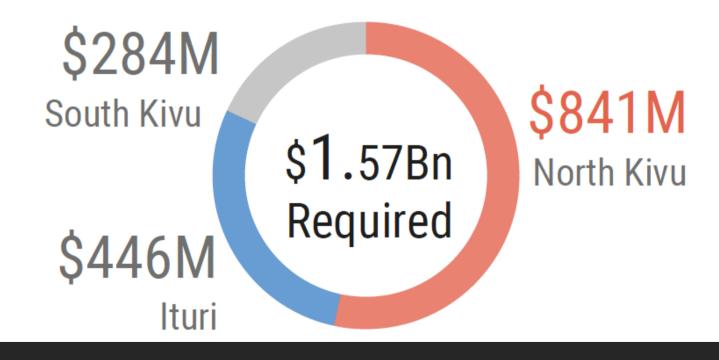


FUNDING REQUIREMENT (in usd)

\$ 1.57Bn

Operational Plan june 2023

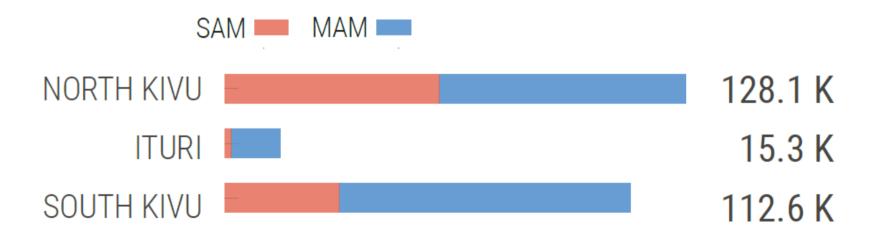
(+23% compared to HRP 2023)



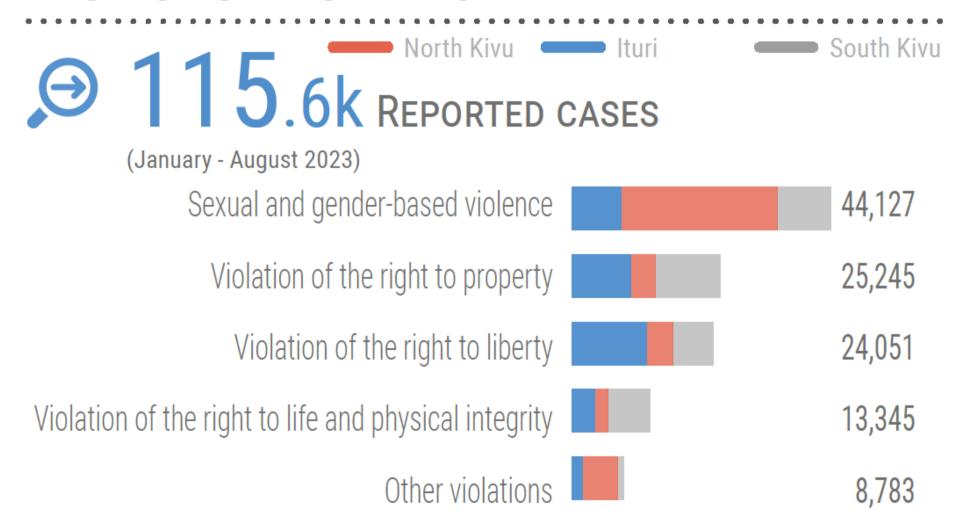
ACUTE MALNUTRITION

256k MALNOURISHED CHILDREN

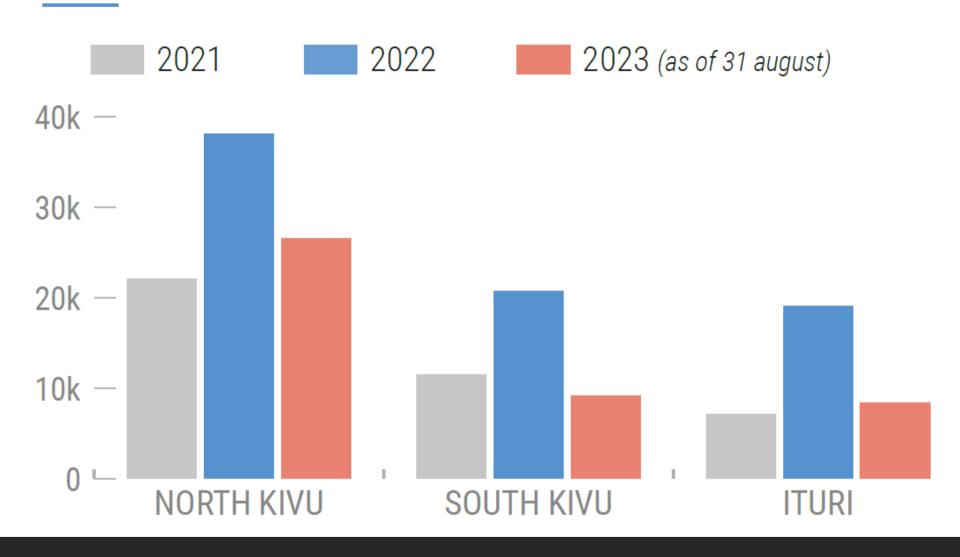
BREAKDOWN BY PROVINCE



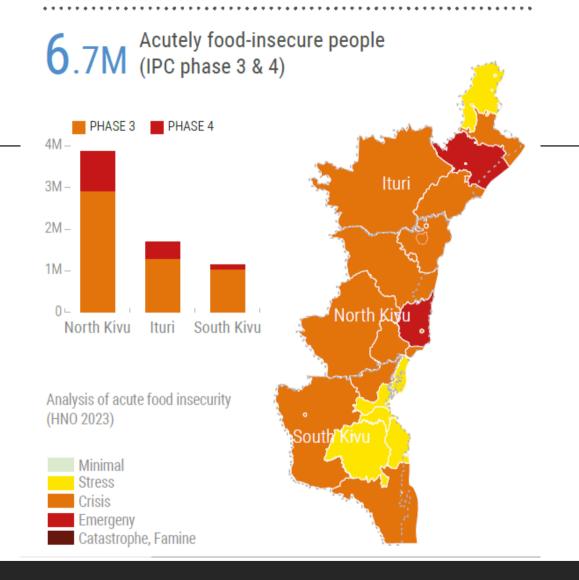
PROTECTION INCIDENTS



GBV CASES



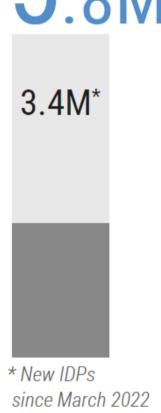
FOOD INSECURITY

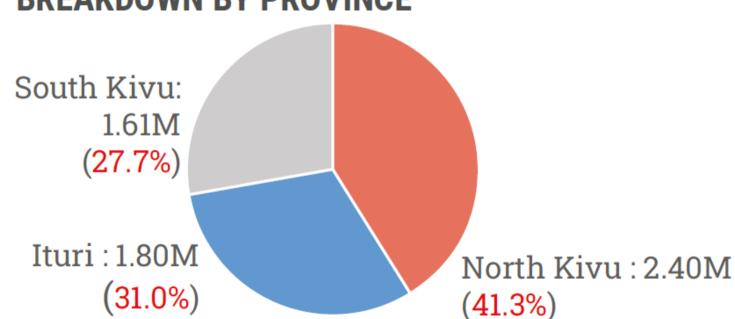


POPULATION MOUVEMENTS

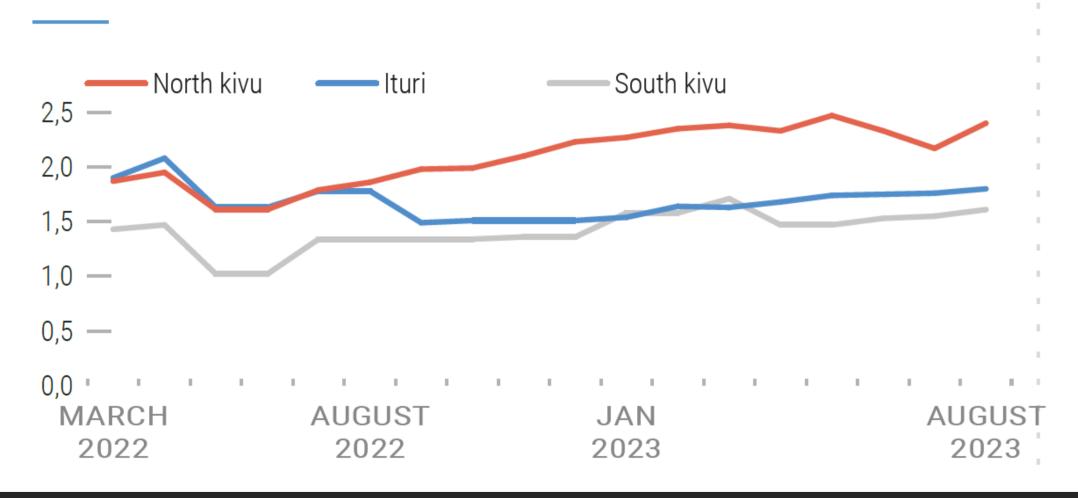
5.8 Internally displaced persons (IDPs)
(August 31, 2023)

BREAKDOWN BY PROVINCE





EVOLUTION OF THE # OF IDPS (March 2022 - August 2023)

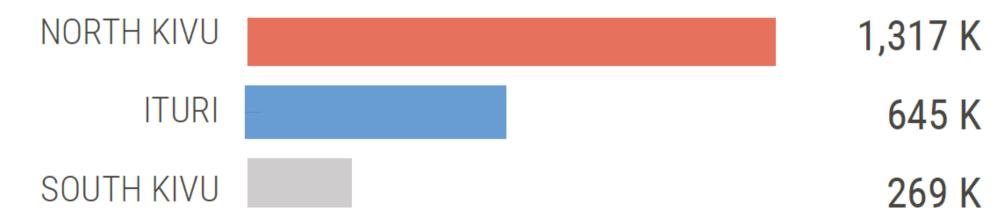


2.2M

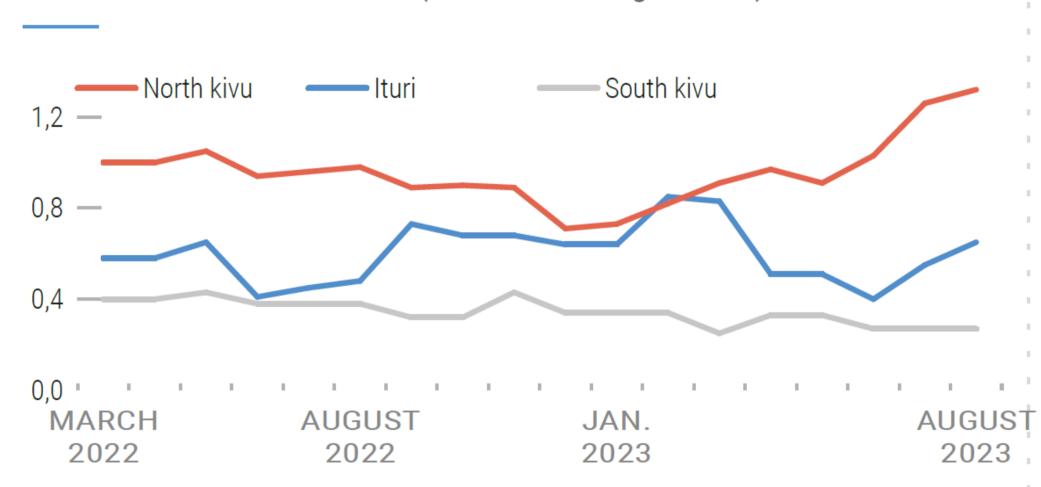
RETURNEES

(August 31, 2023)

BREAKDOWN BY PROVINCE



EVOLUTION OF RETURNEES (March 2022 - August 2023)



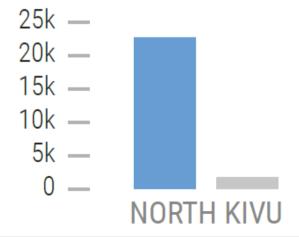
EPIDEMICS

CHOLERA (Week 1 to Week 34)

27.9k cases in 2023

5.9k cases in 2022

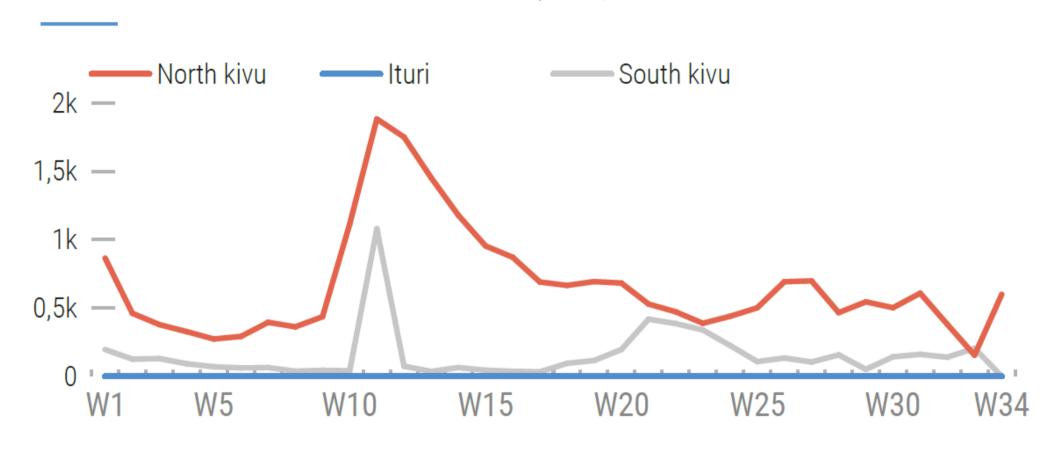
BREAKDOWN BY PROVINCE





ITURI

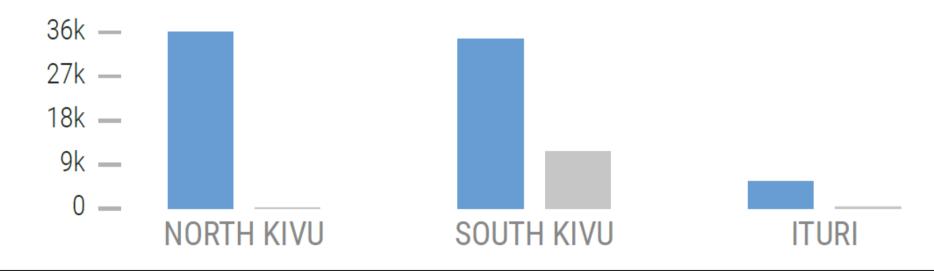
EVOLUTION OF CHOLERA CASES (2023)



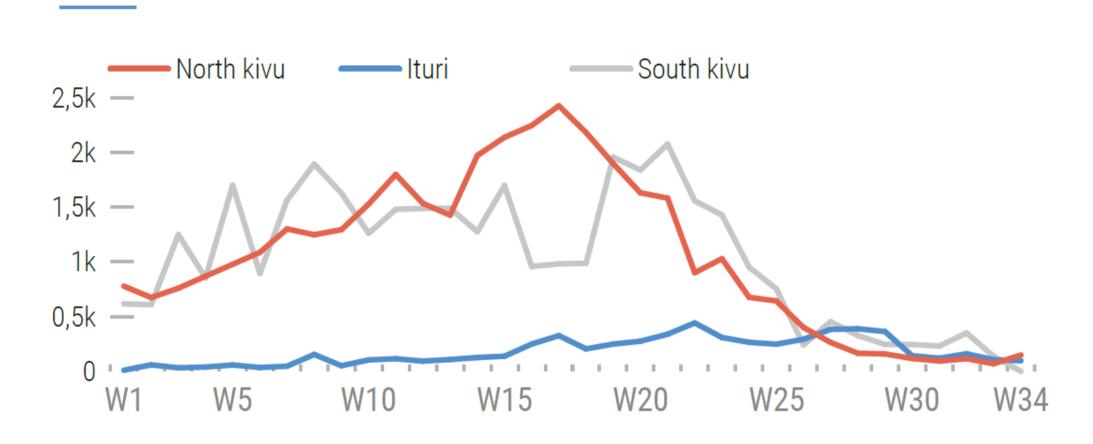
MEASLES (Week 1 to Week 34)

77.7k cases in 2023 13.7k cases in 2022

BREAKDOWN BY PROVINCE



EVOLUTION OF MEASLES CASES (2023)



The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Creation date: September 11, 2023, **Sources**: CMP, HRP, Clusters and Partners

Feedback: ochadrc@un.org www.unocha.org/drc

https://response.reliefweb.int/democratic-republic-congo

www.reliefweb.int

Section3: response of the CBCA

In coordination with the humanitarian agencies and local organisations

- 1. Health care and equipment
- 2. Protection of Women and children
- 3. water supply
- 4. Education



Presence of a health station in the camp of Bulengo/CBCA

Healh:
equipping
Nyamukubi
HC with
new
mattress



A sample of medical materials to Bushushu and Nyamukubi



Children protection: games, food, clothing when possible, group psychotherapy...

creating joy to children (Hand-Up Congo assistance)







Clothes collected from Goma and distributed to Nyamukubi and Bushushu/during the landslide (304 beneficiaries).



UEM assistance: Women receiving new clothes after the disaster

section 4: CONCLUSION

CHALLENGES and PROSPECTIVES

MAIN CHALLENGES

- 1. a long period of crisis
- 2. few financial supports
- 3. needs not addressed (shelter, water, food, ...)
- 4. promiscuity

possible response

- 1. advocay for peace and even sutainable peace;
- improving the current assistance: respecting the standards;
- 3. granting the Climate change mitigation projects;
- 4. supporting developement projects in the returning regions;
- 5. a pecial programme for women and children protection (prevention of GBV and Education).

THANK YOU!

MERCI BEAUCOUP!